### WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Adams County, Colorado

#### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

### WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	ı
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
CONVERSATION TRUST FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND	
ACTUAL	19
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY	20



Board of Directors Wright Farms Metropolitan District Adams County, Colorado

#### Independent Auditor's Report

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Wright Farms Metropolitan District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Wright Farms Metropolitan District as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in them Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Other Matters**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for the purposes of legal compliance and additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Wipfli LLP Wipfli LLP Lakewood, Colorado

April 5, 2022



### WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Gc	overnmental Activities
ASSETS		_
Cash and Investments	\$	2,578,531
Cash and Investments - Restricted		40,157
Receivable - County Treasurer		4,207
Property Taxes Receivable		413,630
Prepaid Expenses		11,530
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		463,498
Capital Assets, Net		1,132,435
Total Assets		4,643,988
LIABILITIES Accounts Develope		22 402
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities		23,192 23,192
Total Liabilities		23, 192
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Tax Revenue		413,630
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		413,630
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		1,595,933
Restricted for:		1,000,000
Emergency Reserves		14,000
Conservation Trust Fund		26,157
Unrestricted		2,571,076
<del></del>		_,,
Total Net Position	\$	4,207,166

#### WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Revenue

			Program Revenues		Expense and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 441,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,155	\$ (415,167)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 441,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,155	(415,167)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Ownersh Net Investment In Other Total General	nip Taxes ncome			406,961 33,767 1,842 7,194 449,764
	CHANGE IN NET F				34,597
	Net Position - Begir	nning of Year			4,172,569
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ 4,207,166

## WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General	Coi	nservation Trust	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Prepaid Expenses Accounts Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable	\$	2,578,531 14,000 11,530 4,207 413,630	\$	26,157 - - -	\$	2,578,531 40,157 11,530 4,207 413,630
Total Assets	\$	3,021,898	\$	26,157	\$	3,048,055
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable Total Liabilities	\$	23,192 23,192	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	23,192 23,192
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Tax Revenue  Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		413,630 413,630		<del>-</del>		413,630 413,630
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:		11 520				11 E20
Prepaid Amounts Restricted for:		11,530		-		11,530
Emergencies (TABOR)		14,000		-		14,000
Conservation Trust Fund Assigned to:		-		26,157		26,157
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		388,103		-		388,103
Unassigned: General Government		2,171,443		_		2,171,443
Total Fund Balances		2,585,076		26,157		2,611,233
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balances	\$	3,021,898	\$	26,157		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statemed different because:	ent of ne	et position are				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	ancial re	esources				1,595,933
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	4,207,166

## WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General		Conservation Trust		Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	406,961	\$	-	\$	406,961
Specific Ownership Tax		33,767		-		33,767
Conservation Trust Proceeds		-		26,155		26,155
Net Investment Income		1,840		2		1,842
Other Revenue		7,194				7,194
Total Revenues		449,762		26,157		475,919
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		38,389		-		38,389
Audit		4,000		-		4,000
Change in Market Value - Investments		1,000		-		1,000
County Treasurer's Fee		6,111		-		6,111
Consulting		2,215		-		2,215
Directors' Fees		4,400		-		4,400
Dues and Licenses		697		-		697
Fence and Sign Maintenance		2,129		-		2,129
Insurance and Bonds		12,151		-		12,151
Repairs and Maintenance		37,445		-		37,445
Legal		50,344		-		50,344
District Management		3,527		-		3,527
Miscellaneous		728		-		728
Newsletter		245		-		245
Landscape - Upkeep		66,843		-		66,843
Locates		617		-		617
Payroll Taxes		337		-		337
Snow Removal		5,619		-		5,619
Tree Maintenance		14,857		-		14,857
Utilities		64,149		-		64,149
Website Design		3,009		-		3,009
East Side Fence Project		10,250		-		10,250
Total Expenditures		329,062		-		329,062
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND NET CHANGE IN						
FUND BALANCES		120,700		26,157		146,857
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,464,376				2,464,376
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	2,585,076	\$	26,157	\$	2,611,233

## WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 146,857

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capital outlay, the conveyance of capital assets to other governments, and depreciation expense in the current period are as follows:

Capital Outlay 10,250
Depreciation (122,510)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \_\$ 34,597

## WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	а	Original nd Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
REVENUES	_		_			
Property Taxes	\$	406,874	\$	406,961	\$	87
Specific Ownership Tax		28,481		33,767		5,286
Net Investment Income		11,000		1,840		(9,160)
Other Revenue		1,000		7,194		6,194
Total Revenues		447,355		449,762		2,407
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		40,000		38,389		1,611
Audit		4,200		4,000		200
Change in Market Value - Investments		-		1,000		(1,000)
Community Relations		5,000		-		5,000
Conferences and Seminars		2,500		-		2,500
County Treasurer's Fee		6,103		6,111		(8)
Consulting		-		2,215		(2,215)
Directors' Fees		6,000		4,400		1,600
Dues and Licenses		1,000		697		303
Fence and Sign Maintenance		15,000		2,129		12,871
Insurance and Bonds		15,000		12,151		2,849
Repairs and Maintenance		50,000		37,445		12,555
Legal		45,000		50,344		(5,344)
District Management		3,000		3,527		(527)
Miscellaneous		2,000		728		1,272
Newsletter		5,000		245		4,755
Landscape - Upkeep		82,000		66,843		15,157
Locates		-		617		(617)
Payroll Taxes		459		337		122
Snow Removal		_		5,619		(5,619)
Tree Maintenance		25,000		14,857		10,143
Utilities		70,000		64,149		5,851
Website Design		1,000		3,009		(2,009)
Contingency		11,718		, -		11,718
Capital:		•				,
East Side Fence Project		200,000		10,250		189,750
Capital Improvement Projects		25,000		, -		25,000
Conservation Trust Fund Projects		20,020		_		20,020
Tennis Court Renovation		10,000		-		10,000
Total Expenditures		645,000		329,062		315,938
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(197,645)		120,700		318,345
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer from (to) Other Funds		20,020		-		(20,020)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		20,020		-		(20,020)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(177,625)		120,700		298,325
, ,		, ,		•		•
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		2,426,803		2,464,376		37,573
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,249,178	\$	2,585,076	\$	335,898

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Wright Farms Metropolitan District (District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court of Adams County, on January 3, 1986, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide parks and recreational facilities, flood and surface drainage facilities, storm sewer facilities and safety protection facilities within its boundaries. The District's service area is located entirely in Adams County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Conservation Trust Fund (a Capital Projects Fund) is used to account for the lottery proceeds received from the state. This revenue is restricted for parks and recreational purposes under state statutes.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The uncollected property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

Pedestrian Bridge/Trails	30 Years
Irrigation System	20 Years
Fencing/Signs	10 to 20 Years
Playground and Park Equipment	10 to 20 Years
Lighting	10 Years
Tennis Courts/Basketball Courts	10 Years

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity (Continued)**

#### Fund Balance (Continued)

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 2,578,531
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 40,157
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,618,688

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 125,577
Investments	2,493,111
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 2,618,688

#### **Deposits with Financial Institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank and carrying balance of \$125,577.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments**

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST)		
	Weighted-	
	Average Under	
COLOTRUST PLUS+/PRIME	60 Days	\$ 1,493,838
	Weighted-	
	Average Over	
COLOTRUST EDGE	190 Days	 999,273
		\$ 2,493,111

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, AND COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund, offer daily liquidity. Each share is equal in value to \$1.00. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS-24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS-24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

		alance at cember 31, 2020	F	dditions	Retirer Reclassi			salance at cember 31, 2021
Capital Assets, Not Being								
Depreciated:	¢	442 000	¢		¢		\$	442 000
Landscape Improvements East Side Fence Project-CIP	\$	443,000 10,248	\$	- 10,250	\$	-	Ф	443,000 20,498
Total Capital Assets Not		10,246		10,230			-	20,490
Being Depreciated		453,248		10,250		_		463,498
Being Depreciated		400,240		10,230		_		400,400
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:								
Pedestrian Bridge/Trail		606,727		_		_		606,727
Storm Drainage Improvements		58,180		-		_		58,180
Irrigation System		217,322		-		-		217,322
Entryway Monuments and Fencing		816,511		-		-		816,511
Picnic Pavilion/Gazebos		226,356		-		-		226,356
Playground and Park Equipment		267,817		-		-		267,817
Lighting		11,133		-		-		11,133
Basketball Court		55,813		-		-		55,813
Sidewalks		23,719		-		-		23,719
Tennis Courts		249,631		-		-		249,631
Total Historical Cost		2,533,209		-	•	-	•	2,533,209
Loss Assumulated Depresiation								
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Pedestrian Bridge/Trail		(131,458)		(20,224)		_		(151,682)
Storm Drainage Improvements		(19,636)		(2,909)		_		(22,545)
Irrigation System		(202,844)		(2,779)		_		(205,623)
Entryway Monuments and Fencing		(531,164)		(52,117)		_		(583,281)
Picnic Pavilion/Gazebos		(99,098)		(11,005)		_		(110,103)
Playground and Park Equipment		(163,161)		(15,556)		_		(178,717)
Lighting		(11,133)		-		_		(11,133)
Basketball Court		(41,153)		(1,569)		_		(42,722)
Sidewalks		(147)		(1,186)		_		(1,333)
Tennis Courts		(78,470)		(15,165)		-		(93,635)
Total Accumulated		<u> </u>		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Depreciation		(1,278,264)		(122,510)				(1,400,774)
Total Capital Asset Being								
Depreciated		1,254,945		(122,510)				1,132,435
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,708,193	\$	(112,260)	\$		\$	1,595,933

In prior years, the County accepted ownership of roads and storm drainage improvements constructed by the District. The District's cost of these improvements has been removed from the District's general capital asset listing. The District is responsible for maintenance of the storm drainage improvements owned by the County.

#### NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental	Activities:
Coporal Cov	ornmont

General Government	\$ 122,510
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental	_
Activities	\$ 122,510

#### NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2021, the District had net investments in capital assets in the amount of \$1,595,933.

The restricted component of net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2021, the District had a restricted net position as follows:

#### Restricted Net Position:

Emergency Reserves	\$ 14,000
Conservation Trust Funds	 26,157
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 40,157

The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

#### NOTE 6 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

On April 19, 2001, the District entered into an agreement with Adams County School District 12 (Adams 12) for the design, construction, and maintenance, and financing of tennis facilities for joint use by Adams 12 and the District.

The District leased the property underlying the Tennis Facilities for a period of 10 years, for the price of \$1.00 a year. The lease shall automatically be extended on the same terms for two subsequent terms of 10 years each unless either party provides written notice to the other party of its intention not to extend the lease no later than six months prior to termination of the initial term of any subsequent term. In 2011, the lease was automatically extended to 2021. It is anticipated that the lease will be extended another 10 years.

#### NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials' liability, and workers' compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 8 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

#### NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

On May 3, 1994, the voters within the District authorized an increase in property taxes generated from an operations and maintenance mill levy of up to \$100,000 annually.

The \$100,000 annual increase is considered to be in addition to any other limitation, provided that the operations and maintenance mill levy does not exceed 23 mills.

On November 6, 2012, voters within the District approved an election question allowing the District to receive grant revenues without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitation contained within TABOR.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CONVERSATION TRUST FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	ar			Actual mounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES  Conservation Trust Proceeds	\$	20,000	\$	26,155	\$	6,155
Net Investment Income	Ψ	20	Ψ	2	Ψ	(18)
Total Revenues		20,020		26,157		6,137
EXPENDITURES						
Total Expenditures					•	<u>-</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		20,020		26,157		6,137
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from (to) Other Funds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(20,020) (20,020)		<u>-</u>		20,020
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-		26,157		26,157
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	26,157	\$	26,157

### WRIGHT FARMS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Prior Year Assessed						
	_	/aluation for Current Year	Mills Levied					Percentage
Year Ended Property			General	Total Property Taxes				Collected
December 31,	Tax Levy		Operations	Levied		Collected		to Levied
2017	\$	21,068,140	18.000	\$	379,227	\$	379,227	100.00 %
2018		26,405,730	16.000		422,492		422,492	100.00
2019		26,691,700	15.000		400,376		400,375	100.00
2020		31,152,450	13.000		404,982		404,700	99.93
2021		31,298,000	13.000		406,874		406,961	100.02
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2022	\$	33,090,410	12.500	\$	413,630			

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.